WAVES
MANNY MARROQUIN
REVERB
User Guide
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Chapter 1 – Introduction

1.1 Welcome
Thank you for choosing Waves! In order to get the most out of your Waves processor, please take the time to read through this manual.

In conjunction, we also suggest that you become familiar with www.wavesupport.net. There you will find an extensive Answer Base, the latest Tech Specs, detailed Installation guides, new Software Updates, and current information on Authorization and Registration.

By signing up at www.wavesupport.net, you will receive personalized information on your registered products, reminders when updates are available, and information on your authorization status.

1.2 Product Overview
The Waves Signature Series is our exclusive line of application-specific audio processors, created in collaboration with the world’s top producers, engineers, and mixing engineers. Every Signature Series plugin has been precision-crafted to capture the artist’s distinct sound and production style. For experienced and aspiring audio professionals alike, the Waves Signature Series allows you to dial up the sound you’re looking for quickly, without interrupting your creative flow.

Four-time GRAMMY® award-winning mixing engineer Manny Marroquin takes the Waves Signature Series to a new level with six hybrid plugins that bring his unique workflow to your studio. Alongside his personalized versions of tried-and-true favorites like EQ, reverb, delay and distortion, Manny introduces the innovative new Tone Shaper and Triple D plugins which are destined to become mixing essentials as well. Combining inspiration from his impressive collection of unique and boutique hardware, together with the fruits of his imagination, the Manny Marroquin Signature Series gives you direct access to the same tools Manny uses to mix hit after hit after hit.
The Manny Marroquin Signature Series consists of six plugins:

- **Manny Marroquin EQ** – A four-band equalizer, with each cutoff point inspired by a different hardware unit that Manny uses for that range.
- **Manny Marroquin Reverb** – 18 of Manny’s favorite reverbs in one plugin, topped off with a bit of EQ, compression, phasing and distortion.
- **Manny Marroquin Delay** – A delay plus multi-effect plugin with phaser, reverb, distortion and harmonizer for enhanced depth and groove.
- **Manny Marroquin Distortion** – A delicious, crunchy-style distortion for those times when you need to get down and dirty.
- **Manny Marroquin Triple D** – 3 “Ds” (DeEsser, DeHarsher, DeBoxy) that make it easy to remove those unpleasant – even painful – frequencies.
- **Manny Marroquin Tone Shaper** – Parallel compression per four frequency ranges plus EQ and ‘secret ingredients’ for added body and richness.

1.3 Concepts, Terminology & Interface
1. Reverb Section

2. Reverb Shaping Section

3. Effect Section

Signal Flow

1.4 A Few Words from Manny Marroquin

“For my Reverb plugin, we modeled the very best reverbs in my room, 18 of my favorites: Six different reverbs, with three different room sizes for each. We also included some EQ and compression, which I always use to shape the reverbs so they sit perfectly within the mix. Plus, we added what I like to call the ‘fun’ section, with phaser and distortion. For example, sometimes I'll send something to a really big reverb, then add phase and distortion to get some really unique tails. With this plugin, it's all right there in front of you.”
1.5 Components

WaveShell technology enables us to split Waves processors into smaller plugins, which we call components. Having a choice of components for a particular processor gives you the flexibility to choose the configuration best suited to your material.

The Waves MannyM Reverb plugin has two components:

- MannyM Reverb – Mono
- MannyM Reverb – Stereo
Chapter 2 – Controls

**INPUT** determines the level into the plugin.
Range: -18 – 18 dB

**TYPE** selects the reverb type.
Range: Hall, Room, Chamber, Plate, Space, Ambience
*Please note: It takes about one second to move from one reverb type to another. This control is not automatable.*

**SIZE** sets the size of the reverb selected in the Reverb Type. Each size loads a different reverb. For example, a Small Room reverb and a Medium Room reverb are different reverbs, not different sizes of the same space. To change the size of a selected reverb, use the Time control.
Range: Small, Medium, Large
Please note: It takes about one second to move from one reverb size to another. This control is not automatable.

**TIME** determines the selected reverb RT60 (the time it will take the reverb to decay by 60 dB). Time resets to 100% when Type or Size are changed.
Range: 50 – 200% (100% = original reverb time)

Please note: It takes about one second to change the reverb time. This control is not automatable.

**PREDELAY** determines the amount of time before the reverb begins. For example, at a setting of 0 milliseconds, reverb begins instantly; at a setting of 80 milliseconds, there will be a delay of 80 milliseconds before the reverb begins.
Range: 0 – 500 milliseconds

Please note: It takes about one second to change the reverb predelay time. This control is not automatable.

**REVERB AMOUNT** determines the amount in the overall effect. When Reverb Amount is set to 0, you will not hear any reverb, but you will hear the EQ, compression, phaser and distortion.
Range: 0 – 100 (0 = no reverb, 100 = maximum reverb)

**LOWS** controls a shelf-like EQ centered around 60 Hz.
Range: -50 – 50

**MIDS** controls a wide bell EQ centered around 2 kHz.
Range: -50 – 50

**HIGHS** controls a wide shelf EQ centered around 8 kHz.
Range: -50 – 50
**COMP** controls the compressor set on the reverb path. With slow attack and fast release times, this helps set the reverb’s dynamic placement within your mix.
Range: 0 – 100 (0 = no compression, 100 = maximum compression)

**RATE** determines the rate of the phaser.
Range: 0.00 Hz – 20 Hz

**PHASER** determines the overall level of the phaser effect.
Range: 0 – 100

**DISTORTION** determines the overall level of the distortion effect.
Range: 0 – 100

**WET/DRY** determines the balance between the direct signal and the processed signal.
Use this control when using the plugin as an Insert rather then Send/Return.
Range: 0 – 100 (0 = direct signal only, 100 = processed signal only)

**OUTPUT** determines the plugin output level.
Range: -18 – 18 dB
Chapter 3 – The WaveSystem

3.1 The WaveSystem Toolbar

All Waves processors feature the WaveSystem toolbar which takes care of most administrative functions you will encounter while working with your Waves software. The features of the WaveSystem toolbar are the same on practically all Waves processors, so familiarity with its features will be helpful whichever processor you are using.

Toolbar Functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Undo</td>
<td>Undoes the last 32 actions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redo</td>
<td>Redoes the last 32 undone actions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setup A/B</td>
<td>Toggles between two presets. This is useful for close comparison of different parameter settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy A-&gt;B</td>
<td>Copies the current settings to the second preset register</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load</td>
<td>Recalls presets from file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save</td>
<td>Saves presets in the Waves file formats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>?</td>
<td>Opens the manual for the processor you are using</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.2 Preset Handling

Preset Types

**Factory Presets** are permanent presets in the Load menu. Factory presets cannot be over-written or deleted. When applicable, different component plugins may have different factory presets.

**User Presets** are your favorite settings of the plugin saved as a preset in the Load menu, under ‘User Presets’. User Presets can be over-written and deleted.

**Setup Files** may contain more than one preset. For example, a single file can contain all the presets for a session. When you open a Setup File, all its setups become part of your Load pop-up menu for fast access. This can be particularly useful with multiple
instances of a plugin in a single session. By saving all the settings you create into a single Setup File, they can all be quickly available for every instance of that plugin.

Loading Presets and Setups

Click-and-hold on the Load button to see the Load pop-up menu. The menu is divided into four sections. If a section is not currently available it will not appear in the Load pop-up menu.

Open Preset File… Select to open any setup or preset file, whether from the Library or your own creations.

‘Filename.xps’: Displays any currently loaded Setup File and its presets.

Factory Presets: Displays the default Factory Presets.

User Presets: Displays any loaded User Presets.

Saving Presets and Setups

Click-and-hold on the Save button to see the Save pop-up menu. Four options are available. If an option is not currently available it will be grayed out and inaccessible.

Save to New File… Select this to start a new Setup file. There are two prompts - first for the setup filename, then for the preset name. You must provide a name for both the setup file and the preset. Click OK (ENTER) to complete the save. It is a good idea to create a folder in which to save several setup files for a project.

Save ‘File Name’ – “Preset Name” Overwrites the settings of the loaded preset (whether a User Preset or a preset from a Setup File) with the current settings. If a Setup File is currently loaded, the name of the Setup File is displayed followed by the name of the preset itself. If a User Preset is loaded, its name is displayed.
Save to ‘File Name’ As… Saves the current settings as a new preset into the Setup file that is open (if one is not open, the option is grayed out). You will be prompted to give the preset a name.

Put into Preset Menu As… Save the current settings into a User Preset that will always be in your Load menu (until deleted). You will be prompted to give this preset a name. User Presets are stored in the plugin’s preference file.

Deleting Presets
You may delete User Presets and presets within a Setup File. Factory Presets and Setup Library files cannot be deleted or overwritten.

1. Hold the Command (Mac)/Control (PC) key down.
2. Click-and-hold the Load button to see the pop-up menu.
3. While still holding the Command/Control key, select the preset or setup to delete.
4. A confirmation box will appear, allowing you to cancel or ‘OK’ the deletion.

A/B Comparison and Copying

The Setup A/Setup B button may be clicked to compare two settings. If you load a preset in the Setup B position, this will not affect the preset loaded into the Setup A position, and vice-versa.

If you want to slightly modify the settings in Setup A, you can copy them to Setup B by clicking on the Copy to B button, then alter Setup A and compare with the original Setup B.

The name of the current setup will be shown in the title bar (on platforms which support it), and will switch as you change from Setup A to Setup B.

Note: an asterisk will be added to the preset name when a change is made to the preset.
3.3 Interface Controls

Controls can be in one of three states:

- **Not Selected** where the control is not the target of any user entry
- **Selected** where the control is the target of mouse control entry only
- **Selected and Active** where the control is the target for both mouse and keyboard entry

**Toggle Buttons**

Toggle buttons display the state of a control, and allow switching between two or more states. **Single-click** to change the control's state. Some toggle buttons have a text display which updates with the current setting, and others (bypass, solo, or monitoring toggles) illuminate when the control is active.

Some processors have **link buttons** between a pair of toggle buttons, allowing click-and-drag adjustment while retaining the offset between the controls.

**Value Window Buttons**

Value windows display the value of a control and allow **click-and-drag** adjustment, or **direct control via the keyboard**.

- **Using the mouse**, click-and-drag on the value window to adjust. Some value windows support left/right, some up/down (as you hover over a button, arrows will appear to let you know which direction of movement that button supports).
- **Using the arrow keys**, click once with mouse to select the button, and then use up/down – left/right (depending on the direction supported by that button) to move in the smallest incremental steps across the button’s range (holding down the arrow keys will move faster through the range).
- **Using key entry**, double click on the button to open the value window, and directly enter the value from your keyboard. If you enter an out of range number, the button stays selected but remains at the current setting (system beeps? If system sounds are on?)
Some processors have link buttons between a pair of value windows, allowing click-and-drag adjustment while retaining the offset between the controls.

**Sliders**
Click on the slider itself or anywhere within the sliders track. The numerical value of the slider settings is displayed in a hover window above the slider path.

**Hover Box**
Hovering boxes will appear and display the control value when hovering with the mouse over the control.

**TAB Functions**
TAB moves the ‘selected’ status to the next control, with shift-TAB moving in the reverse direction.

Additionally, the Mac has an option-TAB function for ‘down’ movement and shift-option-TAB for ‘up’ movement where applicable.

If you have several Value Window Buttons selected, TAB functions will take you through the selected controls only.

### 3.4 Waves Preferences (Pro Tools only)

When launching Pro Tools, hold Shift to view the Waves plugin Preferences window. The following options are available:

- Don't use AudioSuite plugins
- Don't use RTAS plugins
- Rescan all plugins
- HUI control surface support (low resolution)
- Enable single-click text entry